# School-Based Health Centers: Seven Fundamental Principles

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## Objectives

- Identify the seven fundamental principles for successful schoolbased health centers
- 2. Describe how the principles can be used for planning and needs assessment, implementation, evaluation, and continuous quality improvement
- 3. Identify strategies for implementing the principles in their own community

# SBHC Fundamental Principles

### The School-Based Health Center:

- Supports the school
- 2. Focuses on the community
- 3. Focuses on the student
- 4. Provides comprehensive care
- 5. Advances health promotion activities
- 6. Implements effective systems
- Provides leadership in adolescent and child health

# SBHC Program Evaluation Tool

# Tool Components:

- 1. Goals for each principle
- 2. Structures needed to implement the goals the physical and organizational properties of the environment
- 3. **Processes** to support the goals what is done to achieve the desired outcome
- 4. Outcomes that can be attributed to a desirable performance

## Examples of Goals

- Serves as a resource in times of school crises and community disasters
- Assesses child and adolescent health care needs and available resources in the community through formal evaluation method
- Provides services and materials that are culturally sensitive and respectful of family values and diversity
- Adopts generally accepted guidelines for clinical practice.

- Serves as a resource to school administration on the selection, development and delivery of health education curricula.
- Develops all necessary policies and procedures, training manuals, and memoranda of agreement or understanding.
- Participates in national and local organizations that focus on adolescent and child health

## Examples of Structures

- Delineated role within the school's crisis intervention plan
- System for gathering data on key indicators
- Patient education materials in languages other than English, where appropriate
- Clinical protocols or practice guidelines consistent with nationally recognized best practices

- Partnership between the school's health education faculty and SBHC staff.
- Administrative policy and procedure manual
- National, State and Local Conferences

# Examples of Processes

- Training of SBHC staff on the school's crisis intervention plan and community's emergency preparedness plan and the SBHCs expected response
  - Program development based on periodic review of data
- Provision of culturally sensitive anticipatory guidance and health and safety education
- Delivery of care consistent with best practices

- Delivery of classroom health education segments
- Licensing, Certification and/or Accreditation
- Medical professional training

# Examples of Outcomes

- In the event of a school crisis or community disaster, SBHC performs effectively according to plan
- Improved access to primary care as measured by increased utilization of SBHC services
- High satisfaction among users.
- Increasing compliance rates as measured by follow-up visits completed, prescriptions filled, therapy attended, referrals completed. Increased student ability to access valid health information and health promoting products and services

- Increased student ability to access valid health information and health promoting products and services
- Staff knowledge of current laws and regulations affecting delivery of services
- Increased exposure of health professionals to the SBHC model



## Supports the School

The school-based health center is built upon mutual respect and collaboration between the school and the health provider to promote the health and educational success of school-aged children.

#### 1. Supports the School

#### **Principles/ Goals**

- Understands and respects accountability within the educational system.
- Works with the school administration to develop and achieve a shared vision.
- •Communicates the vision to all school constituencies including teachers, support staff, students and parents.
- •Builds collaborative and mutually respectful relationships with school personnel.
- •Identifies community resources that provide support to students and promote successful learning.
- •Serves as a resource in times of school crises and community disasters.

#### **Structures**

- Mutually agreed upon vision statement for the SBHC
- Mutually agreed upon roles and responsibilities of each party
- Mutually agreed upon policies regarding appointment scheduling during school hours and information sharing
- •Delineated role within the school's crisis intervention plan

#### **Processes**

- Communication with
   School Administration,
   School Nurse, Guidance
   Counselor, Social Worker,
   School Psychologist and
   Faculty
- •Attendance of SBHC personnel at school staff meetings
- Presence of SBHC personnel at appropriate school functions
- Partnership in identifying students with issues influencing educational performance
- •Training of SBHC staff on the school's crisis intervention plan and community's emergency preparedness plan and the SBHCs expected response

- Recognition by school personnel of the value the SBHC provides in meeting educational mission
- High satisfaction of school personnel with SBHC services
- Increased number of appropriate referrals by school personnel
- •Reduced number of students who leave school during the day due to illness
- •In the event of a school crisis or community disaster, SBHC performs effectively according to plan

## Responds to the Community

The school-based health center is developed and operates based on continual assessment of local assets and needs.

#### 2. Responds to the Community

# •Assesses child and adolescent health care needs and available resources in the community through formal evaluation

•Informs the community of student health needs and trends.

methods.

•Solicits community input to address unmet health needs and support the operations of the program.

#### **Structures**

- •Definition of geographic service area
- •Identification of population to be served including demographic and socioeconomic characteristics
- Identification of key health indicators
- Continuous needs assessment
- •System for gathering data on key indicators
- Resource manual
- Advisory Committee with appropriate community representation
- •Communications plan

#### **Processes**

- Program development based on periodic review of data
- Advisory Committee meetings
- •Stakeholder meetings
- Periodic communication with the general public

- •Improved access to primary care as measured by increased utilization of SBHC services
- Recognition by community of the value of SBHC services in meeting the needs of students and responding to community values
- High parent satisfaction
- •Improved utilization of other community resources through referrals and/or interprogram collaboration

## Focuses on the Student

Services involve students as responsible participants in their health care, encourage the role of parents and other family members, and are accessible, confidential, culturally sensitive, and developmentally appropriate.

#### 3. Focuses on the Student

#### Principles/Goals

- •Encourages the student's active, age appropriate participation in decisions regarding health care and prevention activities.
- •Involves the parents or other adult caregivers as supportive participants in the student's health care whenever appropriate and possible.
- •Ensures confidentiality of information whether transmitted through conversation, billing activity, telemedicine, or release of medical records.
- •Provides services and materials that are culturally sensitive and respectful of family values and diversity.

#### **Structures**

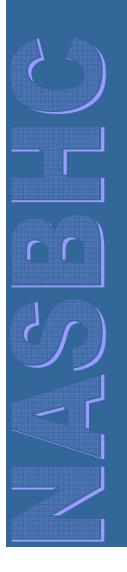
- Parental consent and parental notification policies
- Confidentiality and minor consent policy
- Emancipated minor policy
- Child abuse and neglect policy
- Non-discrimination policy
- Patient rights and responsibilities
- Patient education materials in languages other than English, where appropriate
- Methodology for identifying children with special health care needs
- Methodology for identifying non-users

#### **Processes**

- Provision of services in a manner consistent with established policies
- Treatment of students with acute illness or injury
- •Counseling of students with behavioral issues
- Management of students with chronic conditions
- Provision of culturally sensitive anticipatory guidance and health and safety education
- •Student-centered risk assessment and follow-up
- •Family assessment and follow-up
- •Outreach to non-users

- Increased enrollment for and utilization of SBHC services
- High user and parent awareness of SBHC policy regarding access to confidential services
- •Improved user knowledge of how and when to utilize the health care system
- •Students with chronic disease or behavioral issues can demonstrate self-care skills
- •High satisfaction among users.

## Delivers Comprehensive Care



An interdisciplinary team provides access to high quality comprehensive physical and mental health services emphasizing prevention and early intervention.

Principles/Goals	Structures	Processes	Outcomes
<ul> <li>Provides a scope of services that is consistent</li> </ul>	•Defined scope of services to be provided	Population-based Screening	<ul> <li>Patient perception that well-being has</li> </ul>
with identified health care needs.	<ul><li>Multidisciplinary team of</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Early identification and treatment</li> </ul>	improved
- Promotos availability of an	caregivers	-Dolivory of core consistent	<ul><li>Increasing number of students</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Promotes availability of on- site services whenever the</li> </ul>	Posted hours of operation	<ul><li>Delivery of care consistent with best practices</li></ul>	receiving
school is open and facilitates after-hours care 24-hour-a-	•Effective 24/7 on-call	Patient assessment	comprehensive well exam including risk
day, seven-days-a-week.	system		assessment
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<ul> <li>Adopts generally accepted guidelines for clinical</li> </ul>	Staffing guidelines	Patient treatment	<ul> <li>Increasing compliance rates</li> </ul>
practice.	•Clinical protocols or		as measured by
●Promotes the	practice guidelines consistent with nationally	Patient referral	follow-up visits completed,
interdisciplinary role and	recognized best practices	Management of chronic	prescriptions filled,
functions of the school-based	D (	conditions	therapy attended,
health care team.	<ul> <li>Referral relationships with other providers in the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Anticipatory guidance,</li> </ul>	referrals completed.
•Coordinates and integrates	community (including lab,	health promotion and	•Reduced number
efforts with existing systems to optimize complementary	radiology and pharmacy)	prevention activities	of students with disruptive behavior
programs, improve continuity	•Standards for medical	Continuity of care	or discipline
of care, reduce fragmentation, prevent	record keeping	•Quality assurance	problems
duplication, and maintain	•Release of information		
affordable services	policy	Chart review	

# Advances Health Promotion Activities

The school-based health center takes advantage of its location to advance effective health promotion activities to students and community.

5 A	dvances	<b>Health Promo</b>	tion Activities
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# •Serves as a resource to school administration on the selection, development and delivery of health education

curricula.

- •Participates in classroom-based and school-wide health promotion activities responsive to the risk factors that are prevalent among students.
- •Promotes parent and community involvement in health promotion activities.

#### **Structures**

- Partnership between the school's health education faculty and SBHC staff
- •Coordinated risk assessment and health promotion plan
- Age appropriate health education materials

#### **Processes**

- Delivery of classroom health education segments
- •Display and distribution of multilingual health education materials in SBHC (pamphlets, posters, models, videos, etc.)
- •School-wide health and safety promotional events

- •Increased student awareness of health threats and risk factors
- Reduced high risk behaviors among students
- Increased positive health and safety behaviors among students
- •Increased student understanding of important health and psychosocial issues
- Increased student ability to access valid health information and health promoting products and services
- •Increased student knowledge of health care rights and responsibilities
- Increased student ability to communicate about and advocate for improved persona health
- Increased participation of parents in heath promotion activities

# Implements Effective Systems

Administrative and clinical systems are designed to support effective delivery of services incorporating accountability mechanisms and performance improvement practices.

#### 6. Implements Effective Systems

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- •Ensures compliance with all relevant laws and regulations.
- •Develops and measures annual program goals and objectives.
- •Maintains a physical plant which is adequate to deliver high quality services and assure patient comfort and privacy.
- •Develops all necessary policies and procedures, training manuals, and memoranda of agreement or understanding.
- •Develops a human resources system for hiring, credentialing, training and retaining high quality, competent staff.
- •Collects, evaluates and reports health outcomes and utilization data.
- •Establishes quality improvement practices including but not limited to assessment of patient and community satisfaction.
- •Develops strategies and systems to support long-term financial stability.

#### **Structures**

- Organizational chart
- Mission statement
- Goals and objectives
- •Administrative policy and procedure manual
- •Clinical policy and procedure manual
- Appointment system and scheduling standards
- Tracking system for missed appointments, follow-up appointments and lab reports
- Incident reports
- Staff credentialing
- Staff training
- Personnel evaluation and salary review
- Facility maintenance
- Strategic business/ marketing/financial plan
- Billing and collection system

#### **Processes**

- Licensing, Certification and/or Accreditation
- •CLIA compliance
- •Medicaid EPSDT compliance
- Medical record keeping according to accepted standards and demonstrating collaboration and communication among providers
- •Formal quality assurance monitoring of clinical and administrative functions
- •Financial audits

- •Staff knowledge of current laws and regulations affecting delivery of services
- •Treatment for high volume, high risk problems consistent with current professional knowledge
- •High SBHC provider and staff satisfaction
- •Low SBHC provider and staff turnover
- •Increased provider productivity
- High patient and parent satisfaction with ease of appointment-making and waiting time
- Operations within budget
- •Eligibility for reimbursement from public and private third-parties

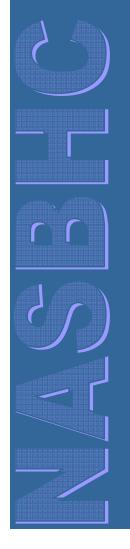
# Provides Leadership in Adolescent and Child Health

The school-based health center model provides unique opportunities to increase expertise in adolescent and child health, and to inform and influence policy and practice.

#### 7. Provides Leadership in Adolescent and Child Health

Principles/Goals	Structures	Processes	Outcomes
Participates in national and local	•Local	•Precepting	•Increased public awareness
organizations that focus on adolescent	Conferences	students in the	of the health care needs of
and child health.		health professions	children and adolescents
	<ul><li>National</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>Contributes to the body of knowledge</li> </ul>	Conferences	<ul><li>Research</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Greater number of children</li> </ul>
on the health care needs of adolescents			and adolescents with a
and children.	<ul><li>Journal Articles</li></ul>	•Outcome	medical home
		evaluation	
<ul> <li>Promotes the School-Based Health</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Annual</li></ul>		<ul><li>Improved access to primary</li></ul>
Center as a training site for health care	Reports\	•Process	care
professionals.		evaluation	
	<ul><li>Videotapes</li></ul>		<ul> <li>Increased exposure of health</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Advocates for the resources necessary</li> </ul>		•Clinical trials	professionals to the SBHC
to increase access to physical, mental	<ul><li>Web sites</li></ul>		model
and dental health services for		•Medical	
adolescents and children.	<ul><li>Vehicles to</li></ul>	professional	<ul> <li>Legislation and regulation</li> </ul>
	communicate	training	supportive of the SBHC model
<ul><li>Informs elected officials, policy-</li></ul>	with state and		
makers, health professionals,	local health	•Curriculum	•Increased investment in
educators, and the community-at-large	authorities	development	SBHCs by federal, state, local
regarding the unique value,			and private funding sources
acceptability, efficiency and		Public education	
convenience of the school-based health		and advocacy	•Increased participation of
center model of health care delivery.			SBHCs in Medicaid and Child
		•Use of student	Health Insurance Plans
•Forms partnerships to develop stable,		volunteers	
sustainable funding mechanisms for			Appropriate contracts with
expanded services.			managed care organizations

# National Training, CE, and Technical Assistance Offerings



- NASBHC website www.nasbhc.org:
  - Web-based tools and resources
  - Archived web-conferences
  - Archived presentations from previous conventions and trainings
- CD-Rom Toolkits

# Examples of NASBHC Tools and Resources available to members

- Creative Financing of SBHCs
- SBHC Operations Tool Kit
- CQI Tool
- Mental Health Planning Tool
- Productivity Template
- Practice Management Improvement Tutorial
- Health Education Database
- Parent Engagement Tool Kit
- Advocacy Tool Kit